PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN
FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN DAN KESEHATAN
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Mismanawati

Perbedaan *Perianal Hygiene* Dengan Tisu Basah Dan Kapas Air Terhadap Kejadian *Diaper Dermatitis* Di Ruang Rawat Intensif RSUP Dr Kariadi Semarang

x+45 Halaman+11 Tabel+5 Lampiran+3 Skema+3 Gambar

Abstrak

Latar belakang : Pasien yang dirawat di ruang intensif RSUP Dr Kariadi Semarang 60 % mengalami *diaper dermatitis*. *Diaper dermatitis* tidak akan terjadi jika *perianal hygiene* yang dilakukan sesuai. Perawat RSUP Dr Kariadi lebih memilih *perianal hygiene* menggunakan tisu basah daripada kapas air, karena lebih efektif dan efisien.
Tujuan penelitian : untuk mengetahui perbedaan *perianal hygiene* dengan menggunakan tisu basah dan kapas air terhadap kejadian *diaper dermatitis* di ruang rawat intensif RSUP Dr Kariadi Semarang.
Metode penelitian: jenis penelitian *quasi eksperimental* dengan menggunakan bentuk rancangan *two group post test only*. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah anak yang dirawat di PICU dan HCU. Sampel penelitian sebanyak 60 responden dengan menggunakan teknik *purposivesampling.* Analisa data dengan menggunakan uji *Mann Whitney.*
Hasil penelitian: responden kelompok tisu basah yang terbanyak adalah tidak mengalami *diaper dermatitis* sebanyak 14 anak (46,7%) dan paling sedikit mengalami *diaper dermatitis* sedang sebanyak 1 anak (3,3%). Sedangkan responden pada kelompok kapas air yang terbanyak adalah tidak mengalami *diaper dermatitis* sebanyak 12 anak (38,7%) dan paling sedikit mengalami *diaper dermatitis* ringan-sedang sebanyak 2 anak (6,5%).
Simpulan: tidak ada perbedaan *perianal hygiene* dengan tisu basah dan kapas air terhadap kejadian *diaper dermatitis*di ruang rawat intensif RSUP Dr Kariadi Semarang dengan nilai *pvalue* 0,694 ($\alpha > 0,05$).
Saran: Diharapkan perawat dapat melakukan tindakan *perianal hygiene* menggunakan tisu basah yang sudah disesuaikan dalam StandarProsedurOperasional (SPO) dan StandarAsuhanKeperawatan (SAK) untuk mencegah kejadian *diaper dermatitis*.

Kata kunci :Tisubasah,*perianal hygiene, diaper dermatitis.*
Pustaka : 25 (2006 - 2017)

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UNDERGRADUATE NURSING STUDY PROGRAM
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The Difference Of Perianal Hygiene Using Wet Wipes Versus Cotton Wool And Water To Diaper Dermatitis Occurance In The Intensif Care Room Of Kariadi Hospital On Semarang

x+45 Pages+11 Table+5 Appendix+3 Scheme+3 Pictures

Abstract

Background: Patient were hospitalized in intensif care room of Kariadi Hospital Semarang 60% suffer diaper dermatitis. Diaper dermatitiswould not occur if perianal hygiene do correctly. Nurses of Kariadi Hospital more like wet wipes than cotton and water for perianal hygiene, because more effective and efficient.
The purpose of the research is to know the difference of perianal hygiene with wet wipes versus cotton and water to diaper dermatitis occurance in the intensif room of Kariadi Hospital on Semarang.. **Research method:**The type of research is quasi eksperimental with two group post test only design. The population were the children hospitalized in PICU and HCU of Kariadi Hospital on Semarang. Size of the sample was 60 respondents collected by using purpossive sampling technique. The data was analyzed by using Mann Whitney statistic test.
The research found that the perianal hygiene with wet wipes group the most is not occur diaper dermatitis 14 children (46,7%) and the least is mild diaper dermatitis 1 child (3,3%). The perianal hygiene with cotton and water group the most is not occur diaper dermatitis 12 children (38,7%) and the least is slight to mild diaper dermatitis 2 children (6,5%).
The conclusion of the research is that no difference of perianal hygiene with wet wipes versus cotton and water to diaper dermatitis occurance in the intensif room of Kariadi Hospital on Semarang that indicated by *p* value 0,694 ($\alpha > 0,05$).
Suggestion : supposted nurse can do perianal hygiene with wet wipes which has been adapted to SPO and SAK to prevent diaper dermatitis occurance.

Keyword :Wet wipes, perianal hygiene, diaper dermatitis
References : 23 (2006 - 2017)

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