

**UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH SEMARANG  
FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN DAN KESEHATAN  
PROGRAM STUDI DIII KEBIDANAN  
TAHUN 2019**

**ABSTRAK**

**Nurlaila Isticharoh\*. Lia Mulyanti\*\*. Dewi Puspitaningrum\*\*.  
Asuhan Kebidanan Komprehensif Pada Ny. M Umur 29 Tahun  
di PMB E Semarang**  
(xv +167 halaman + 5 tabel + 3 gambar + 5 bagan+ 6 lampiran)

**Latar Belakang :** AKI (Angka Kematian Ibu) di kota semarang pada tahun 2016 sebanyak 32 kasus/100.000 KH dan mengalami penurunan pada tahun 2017 sebanyak 23 kasus/100.000 AKI paling banyak disebabkan *emboli* air ketuban, *unexpalined* (tidak dijelaskan), CVA (*cerebrovascular accident*), *accut fatt liver* (perlemakan hati) dan gangguan hati.

**Tujuan :** Mengkaji secara komprehensif asuhan kebidanan dalam bentuk studi kasus pada Ny M Umur 29 tahun di PMB E

**Metode :** Menggunakan pendekatan proses kebidanan 7 langkah Varney dan Soap. Pengkajian dilakukan dengan melihat hasil data subyektf dan obyektif, dan observasi secara home visit.

**Hasil :** Diagnosa Ny. M umur 29 tahun G<sub>II</sub>P<sub>I</sub>A<sub>0</sub> UK 39 minggu dengan keluhan nyeri pada pinggang pada kasus tersebut mendapat penanganan dengan pemberian KIE ketidaknyamanan TM III, riwayat persalinan fisiologi, yang diikuti masa nifas fisiologis, Riwayat BBL dilahirkan dengan BB 3600gram, PB 50cm, bayi sehat, Riwayat KB (Keluarga Berencana) ibu menggunakan KB suntik 3 bulan.

**Kesimpulan :** pada penerapan asuhan kebidanan terdapat kesenjangan antara teori dan praktik yang ada di lahan. Kesenjangan terdapat pada kelengkapan APD (sepatu), dan pemeriksaan fisik (genitalia)

Kata kunci : Asuhan Kebidanan Kehamilan, Persalinan, Nifas , BBL, KB  
Kepustakaan: 22 pustaka (2009-2019)

---

\* Mahasiswa Program Studi DIII Kebidanan Universitas Muhammadiyah Semarang

\*\*Dosen Universitas Muhammadiyah Semarang

**UNIVERSITY OF MUHAMMADIYAH SEMARANG**  
**FACULTY OF NURSING AND HEALTH SCIENCES**  
**DIPLOMA III IN MIDWIFERY**  
**2019**

**ABSTRACT**

**Nurlaila Isticharoh\*.Lia Mulyanti\*\*.Dewi Puspitaningrum\*\*.**  
**Comprehensive Midwifery Care to Mrs. M G<sub>II</sub>P<sub>I</sub>A<sub>0</sub>, 29 years old**  
**at PMB E Semarang**  
(xv + 167 pages + 5 tables + 3 pictures + 5 schemes + 6 appendices)

**Background:** In 2016, AKI (Maternal Mortality Rate) in Semarang city was 32 cases/100,000 KH and in 2017 it decreased by 23 cases/100,000 AKI mostly caused by amniotic water embolism, unexplained (unexplained), CVA (cerebrovascular accident), accused fatty liver and liver disorders.

**Objective:** To comprehend the review of midwifery care in the form of case studies to Mrs. M, 29 years old at PMB E

**Method:** Used the Varney and Soap 7 steps of the midwifery process approach. The assessment was done by looking at the results of subjective and objective data and observing the home visit.

**Result:** Diagnosis of Mrs. M G<sub>II</sub>P<sub>I</sub>A<sub>0</sub>, 29 years old UK 39 weeks with complaints of pain in the waist in these cases received treatment with IEC TM III discomfort, a history of physiological labor, followed by a physiological puerperium, newborn baby history was born with 3600 gram BB, PB 50cm, healthy baby, KB (Family Planning) history mothers used 3 months injection KB.

**Conclusion:** In the implementation of midwifery care, there are gaps between theory and practice in the field. Gaps exist in the completeness of PPE (shoes), and physical examination (genitalia).

Keywords: Pregnancy Midwifery Care, Childbirth, Childbed, Newborn Baby, Family Planning (KB)

Reference: 34 references (2009-2019)

---

\* Student of Diploma III in Midwifery University of Muhammadiyah Semarang

\*\*Lecturer of University of Muhammadiyah Semarang

