

UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH SEMARANG
FAKULTAS ILMU KEPERAWATAN DAN KESEHATAN
PROGRAM STUDI D-III KEBIDANAN
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ABSTRAK

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ASUHAN KEBIDANAN KOMPREHENSIF PADA NY. N UMUR 21 TAHUN GIP0A0 HAMIL 38⁺² MINGGU DI BPM ESTI WIJAYANTI, S. Tr. Keb, KOTA SEMARANG

(ix + 164 halaman + 6 tabel + 5 gambar + 1 bagan + 11 lampiran)

Latar belakang : asuhan komprehensif adalah asuhan kebidanan berkelanjutan. Masalah kesehatan kehamilan meningkatkan jumlah morbiditas dan mortalitas. Menurut KEMENKES RI (2017) jumlah AKI Indonesia 305. AKB (2017) sebesar 32. Dalam mengakses pelayanan kesehatan ibu dilakukan asuhan kebidanan komprehensif atau *Continuity of care*. Pentingnya *Continuity of care* atau asuhan kebidanan komprehensif adalah mendampingi wanita selama siklus hidup dimulai dari memberikan pelayanan antenatal care yang berkualitas untuk mencegah terjadinya kematian ibu, asuhan masa nifas mencegah perdarahan setelah persalinan, komplikasi pada bayi, dan konseling tentang keluarga berencana.

Tujuan : Penulisan TA mengkaji dalam bentuk studi kasus asuhan komprehensif di BPM Esti Wijayanti, S. Tr. Keb, Kota Semarang.

Metode : Penulisan TA menggunakan pendekatan 7 langkah Varney dan SOAP.

Hasil : hasil TA berdasarkan diagnose Ny. N umur 21 tahun GIP0A0 usia kehamilan 38⁺² minggu dengan keluhan tidak ada. Persalinan spontan pervaginam berlanjut masa nifas. Planning yang diberikan KIE mengenai keadaan fisiologi ibu serta tanda bahaya nifas. Pada tanggal 20 Maret 2019 pukul 13.00 WIB dilakukan pemasangan alat kontrasepsi implant. Riwayat BBL dengan BB 2900 gram, PB 49 CM, jenis kelamin laki-laki, menangis kuat, gerakan aktif, kulit kemerahan dan hasil baik selama 14 hari pemeriksaan *home visit*. Pada asuhan komprehensif ini tidak didapatkan kesenjangan.

Kesimpulan : pada penerapan asuhan kebidanan komprehensif tidak terdapat kesenjangan antara teori dan praktik kebidanan dilahan.

Kata kunci : Asuhan Kebidanan Kehamilan, Persalinan, Nifas, BBL, KB

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DIII IN MIDWIFERY STUDY PROGRAM

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ABSTRACT

Dwi Kumala Sari*, **Erna Kusumawati****, **Siti Istiana****.

COMPREHENSIVE MIDWIFERY CARE ON Mrs. N, 21 YEARS OLD GIP0A0 38+2 WEEKS PREGNANT AT THE CLINIC OF ESTI WIJAYANTI, S. Tr. Keb, SEMARANG

(ix + 164 pages + 6 lists + 5 figures + 1 draft + 11 appendices)

Background: Comprehensive care is a continuity midwifery care. A problem of pregnancy health increases the number of morbidity and mortality. Based on KEMENKES RI (2017) the number of AKI or Maternal Mortality Ratio in Indonesia was 305. AKB or fetal Mortality Ratio (2017) was 32. In accessing health service, expectant mother does comprehensive upgrading or continuity of care. The importance of continuity care or comprehensive midwifery care were the comprehensive care for the expectant mother start from antenatal care that was aimed to prevent the expectant mother, postnatal care to prevent bleeding after giving birth, complication of baby and counseling about family planning.

Objective: To comprehensively analyze the midwifery care at the clinic of Esti Wijayanti, S. Tr. Keb, Semarang.

Method: The 7 steps *Varney* and *SOAP* were used as the research approach.

Result: It was found that Mrs. N 21 years old GIP0A0 pregnancy in 38⁺² weeks and there was no complaint. The respondent gave spontaneous birth and was continued into childbirth. Planning was given by *KIE* about physiology condition of expectant mother with sign danger of childbirth. On March 20, 2019, at 1.00 pm did set tool of implant contraception. The newborn weight was 2900 gram, the length was 49 CM, male, strong crying, active, red skin, and the result was good during the 14 days checkup home visit. In this comprehensive upbringing, there was no difference between theory and practice.

Conclusion: there was no difference between theory and practice of midwifery in real life during the administration of comprehensive midwifery care.

Keyword: Midwifery, Pregnancy, Give Birth, Nifas, newborn, family planning

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