

**PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN
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Faktor-Faktor yang Berhubungan dengan *Self Efficacy Competency* Mahasiswa Praktik Profesi Ners di Unit Gawat Darurat.

ix + 60 Halaman + 13 Tabel + 18 Lampiran + 2 Skema + 1 Grafik

Abstrak

Pendahuluan: Pelayanan keperawatan di unit gawat darurat membutuhkan tindakan keperawatan yang cepat dengan akurasi yang maksimal. *Self efficacy competency* merupakan salah satu faktor yang mempengaruhi keberhasilan pelaksanaan tindakan keperawatan kepada pasien. Mahasiswa profesi ners diberikan wewenang untuk mengelola pasien di unit gawat darurat. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui faktor yang berhubungan dengan *self-efficacy competency* mahasiswa ners berpraktik di unit gawat darurat. **Metode:** penelitian ini menggunakan desain kuantitatif asosiatif dengan pendekatan *cross-sectional*. Responden penelitian ini adalah mahasiswa profesi ners yang berjumlah 48 orang, yang didapatkan melalui *purposive sampling*. Pengambilan data dilakukan dengan menggunakan kuesioner. Data dianalisis menggunakan uji *Rank Spearman Test Correlation* untuk mengetahui hubungan antar variabel yang diteliti. **Hasil:** hasil penelitian menunjukkan terdapat hubungan bermakna dengan kekuatan sedang dan arah hubungan yang searah antara *mastery experience* ($p=0,005$) dan *physical and emotional state* ($p=0,003$) dengan *self efficacy competency* mahasiswa ners dalam penerapan keterampilan keperawatan di unit gawat darurat. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa tidak terdapat hubungan yang bermakna antara pengalaman orang lain dengan *self-efficacy competency* mahasiswa profesi ners ($p>0,05$). Hal ini juga terjadi antara faktor persuasi sosial dengan *self-efficacy competency* mahasiswa profesi ners ($p>0,05$). **Simpulan:** faktor yang berhubungan dengan *self efficacy competency* mahasiswa profesi ners adalah *mastery experience* dan *physical and emotional state*.

Kata kunci : *Self-efficacy competency*, unit gawat darurat, profesi ners.

Pustaka : 46 (1977 - 2019)

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Factors Related To Self Efficacy Competency Among Ners Professional Practices Students In Emergency Unit.

ix + 60 Page + 13 Table + 18 Appendix + 2 Sheme + 1 Charts

Abstract

Introduction: Nursing services in the emergency unit require immediately nursing treatment with maximum accuracy. Self-efficacy competency is one of the factors that influence the successful implementation of nursing actions to patients. This study aims to determine the factors related to the self-efficacy competency of nurse students practicing in the emergency unit. Nurse students are empowered to manage patients in the emergency unit. **Method:** This study used an associative quantitative design with a cross-sectional approach. Respondents were 48 nursing students, which were obtained through purposive sampling. Data collection by using a questionnaire. To determine the relationship between the variables studied, Data analysis is used rank spearman test correlation. **Result:** The results showed mastery experience ($p = 0.005$) and the physical and emotional state ($p = 0.003$) related to the self-efficacy competency of nursing students performing nursing skills in the emergency unit. The results showed that there was no significant relationship between the experiences of others and the self-efficacy competency of the nurse profession students ($p > 0.05$). This also occurs between social persuasion factors and self-efficacy competency of nurse professional students ($p > 0.05$). **Conclusion:** the mastery experience and physical and emotional state was a factor that influences nursing student self-efficacy in the implementation of nursing competence skills.

Key words : self efficacy competency, emergency unit, the nursing student.

References : 46 (1977 - 2019)